

AMG FUNDS

2023 Tax Guide

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Investors should carefully consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. For this and other information, please call 800.548.4539 or visit wealth.amg.com for a free prospectus. Read it carefully before investing or sending money.

Funds are distributed by AMG Distributors, Inc., a member of FINRA.

This guide should not be considered tax advice. This guide is for informational purposes only and should not be considered tax or legal advice. Please consult with qualified professionals in these areas for additional information.



Dear Shareholder:

We are pleased to provide you with our 2023 Tax Guide. This tool is designed to help simplify your 2023 tax reporting.

Highlights of our Tax Guide include:

- An explanation of the purpose of the enclosed 1099 tax documents
- Instructions on how to record information on your tax return
- Sample tax forms
- Important definitions you should know
- Step-by-step instructions for key fields on each form
- A list of frequently asked questions

We hope you will find the Guide informative and helpful. Of course, if you have specific questions regarding this data or your investment in the AMG Funds, please call us at 800.548.4539.

We also invite you to access your account via our website at wealth.amg.com.

We suggest you consult your tax advisor regarding your specific tax situation, as the Guide should not be considered tax advice.

Thank you for your continued investment in our fund family.

Sincerely,

AMG Funds LLC

2023 Form 1099-DIV

Dividend and Capital Gain Distributions

Every shareholder, with certain exceptions as provided in by the Internal Revenue Code, who has received \$10 or more in taxable dividends or distributions receives a Form 1099-DIV. Form 1099-DIV is also sent to account holders for whom backup withholding was taken on certain reportable transactions.

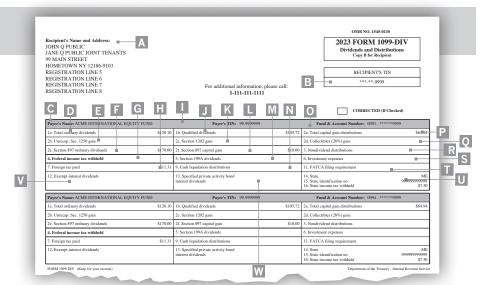
Your Form 1099-DIV lists all federally taxable dividend and capital gain distributions of \$10 or more paid to your mutual fund accounts. If your account is invested in more than one fund, the 1099-DIV information for each fund has been consolidated and mailed to you in a single package. However, shareholders with more than one type of account—for example, an individual account and another account that is jointly owned—will receive a separate package of tax forms for each account. The dividends and capital gains shown on Form 1099-DIV need to be reported on your 2023 federal income tax return, even if you reinvested your distributions in additional fund shares instead of receiving them in cash.

If you have one of the following types of accounts, you will not receive Form 1099-DIV:

- Individual Retirement Accounts and other tax-deferred accounts (including Roth and Traditional IRAs, Rollover IRAs, SEP and SIMPLE IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts and qualified tuition plan accounts)
- Pension, 403(b), profit sharing and money purchase plans
- Accounts owned by corporations, documented nonresident aliens and certain tax-exempt organizations

Foreign Investment Distributions

Form 1099-DIV may list a foreign tax credit that the Fund paid with gross distributions. If an amount is shown in box 7, please refer to the instructions for filing your personal income tax return."



- Account registration and address
- B Your Taxpayer Identification Number; this information will be masked
- The Fund's name
- D Total amount of qualified and non-qualified dividends and short-term capital gains distributed in 2023
- E Shows unrecaptured Section 1250 gain from certain depreciable real property
- F Section 897 Ordinary Dividends (This represents the amount included in box 1a (ordinary dividends) that is section 897a gain from dispositions of USRPI).
- G Amount of taxes withheld if you were subject to backup withholding
- Box 7 lists your proportionate share of any foreign taxes you paid in 2023

- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- J Amount of qualified dividends distributed in 2023
- K Section 1202 gain
- Section 897 Capital
 Gain (This represents
 the amount included in
 box 2a (total long term
 capital gain) that is
 section 897a gain from
 dispositions of USRPI.)
- M Shows dividends eligible for the 20% qualified business income deduction under section 199A
- N The amount of liquidation distribution paid to you in 2023
- Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked
- Total amount of longterm capital gains distributed in 2023

- Shows 28% rate gain from sales or exchanges of collectibles
- R Lists any part of your distribution that is nontaxable because it is a return of your cost or other basis
- Your share of expenses of a nonpublicly offered regulated investment company, generally a nonpublicly offered mutual fund
- FATCA Filing Requirement
- U Shows State and State Identification number.
 Amount of state taxes withheld if you were subject to backup withholding
- Amount of tax-exempt interest, including exempt interest dividends from mutual fund, paid in 2023
- M Amount of tax-exempt interest subject to the Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

2023 Form 1099-B

Proceeds from Redemption or Exchange of Securities

All redemptions (sales) or exchanges made in non-retirement mutual fund accounts, except money market accounts, must be reported on Form 1099-B. Form 1099-B reports the gross proceeds from the sale or exchange of your mutual fund shares in 2023 less any contingent deferred sales charge deducted from the gross proceeds of the transaction.

The 1099-B Form is broken out into the following five sections based on the categorization of the redemption and the cost basis information available:

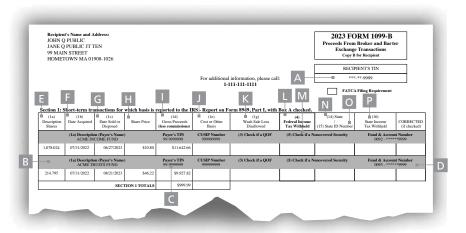
Section 1: Short-term transactions for which basis is reported to the IRS—Report on Form 8949, Part I, with Box A checked. If information is reported in this section, the portion of the redemption is categorized as a short term capital gain. The cost basis information listed in boxes 1e, and 1g will be reported to the IRS. This information should be transposed onto Form 8949 where further adjustments may be made, if necessary.

Section 2: Short-term transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS – Report on Form 8949, Part I, with Box B checked. If information is reported in this section, the portion of the redemption is categorized as a short term capital gain. The cost basis information listed in boxes 1e, 1f and 1g will not be reported to the IRS. This information can be used as a guide to help determine your cost basis.

Section 3: Long-term transactions for which basis is reported to the IRS – Report on Form 8949, Part II, with Box D checked. If information is reported in this section, the portion of the redemption is categorized as a long term capital gain. The cost basis information listed in boxes 1e, 1f and 1g will be reported to the IRS. This information should be transposed onto Form 8949 where further adjustments may be made, if necessary.

Section 4 Long-term transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS – Report on Form 8949, Part II, with Box E checked. If information is reported in this section, the portion of the redemption is categorized as a long term capital gain. The cost basis information listed in boxes 1e, and 1g will not be reported to the IRS. This information can be used as a guide to help determine your cost basis.

Section 5: Transactions for which basis is not reported to the IRS and for which short-term or long-term determination is unknown (to Broker)-You must determine short-term or long-term based on your records and report on Form 8949, Part I, with Box B checked, or on Form 8949, Part II, with Box E checked, as appropriate. If information is reported in this section, there is not enough information available to determine the cost basis for your redemption or exchange. Please consult your tax advisor for advice on the cost basis information needed for Form 8949 and Schedule D.



- A Your Taxpayer Identification
 Number; this information
 will be masked
- B The Fund's name
- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked
- E Number of shares redeemed
- F Date shares were purchased or "Various" or blank if multiple purchase dates.
- G Date of each transaction made during the year

- H NAV or price per share redeemed for each transaction
- Gross proceeds (less commissions) from each transaction made during the year
- Shows the cost or other basis of securities sold
- K Amount of sales price that is disallowed due to purchase and redemption within 30 days
- Amount of federal taxes withheld if you were subject to backup withholding

- M This will be checked if shares were acquired prior to January 1, 2012
- N State (state where state taxes were withheld from)
- State Identification number (identification number for state where state taxes were withheld from)
- P Amount of state taxes withheld if you were subject to backup withholding

The information on your Form 1099-B is reported to the IRS with the exception of cost basis information that may be displayed within Section 2 and Section 4, and Section 5.

2023 Form 1099-R

Distributions from Retirement Plans

Form 1099-R reports both full and partial distributions from your mutual fund retirement plan accounts.

- If you have more than one retirement plan account with a taxable distribution in our family of mutual funds, you will receive one consolidated Form 1099-R.
- If you have more than one type of retirement account with us—for example, a Traditional IRA and a Roth IRA—separate Forms 1099-R will be produced for distributions from each type of retirement account.

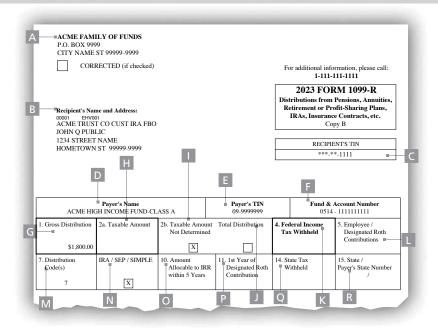
Please note that we do not report distributions from retirement accounts held by other custodians.

You will receive a Form 1099-R if you withdrew assets from your retirement plan account, even if you rolled them over and reinvested them in another retirement plan account within 60 days. You will also receive a Form 1099-R if you took your retirement account dividend distributions in cash, but not if they are reinvested into your retirement account. If you took more than one distribution from your retirement account in 2023, the distributions have been aggregated according to the type of distribution as defined by the IRS distribution code. You will receive a Form 1099-R if you converted your traditional IRA to a Roth IRA in 2023.

You will not receive a Form 1099-R if you arranged to move your IRA account as a trustee-to-trustee transfer of assets directly to another IRA account without taking possession of the funds.

You will receive a year-end statement in January 2024 that reports the value of your account as of December 31, 2023.

Please consult your tax advisor for guidance on reporting the information from Form 1099-R on your tax return.



- A The Fund's mailing address
- B Account registration and address
- Your Taxpayer Identification
 Number; this information
 will be masked
- D The Fund's name
- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- F Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked
- G Total dollar amount of the distribution(s) from your retirement account in 2023
- H Taxable amount of your distribution(s)

- An "x" here indicates your Funds are unable to determine the taxable amount of your distribution(s)
- J An "x" here indicates a total distribution of account assets as of 12/31/2023 (There is no share balance left)
- Amount of Federal taxes withheld from the distribution
- The portion that is your basis in a designated Roth account
- Distribution codes identify the type of distribution(s) you received (A complete list of distribution codes appears on the back of the form)

- N Indicates if your account is a Traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA
- Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years
- P The 1st year you made a contribution to the designated Roth account
- Amount of State taxes withheld from the distribution, if applicable
- R The state and state ID that taxes were paid to

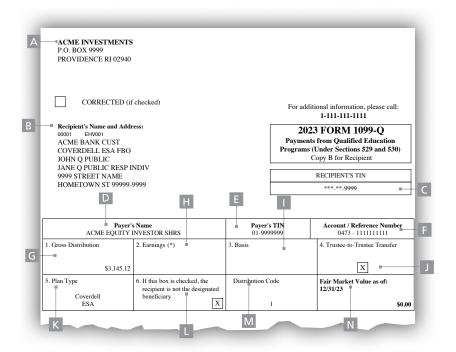
2023 Form 1099-Q

Payments From Qualified Education Programs

Form 1099-Q reports distributions made from Coverdell Education Savings Accounts ("Coverdell ESAs") (formerly known as Education IRAs). If you received more than one type of distribution from a Coverdell ESA in 2023, you will receive a consolidated Form 1099-Q showing the amount for each type of distribution.

Although Form 1099-Q has boxes for reporting the earnings (or loss) on the distribution, as well as the cost basis of the shares sold, Coverdell ESA record keepers and trustees generally do not have the information required to calculate these amounts. Instead, in accordance with guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service, we are providing you with the fair market value of your Coverdell ESA as of December 31, 2023. We suggest that you review IRS Publication 970, Tax Benefits for Education for more information on how to calculate the earnings portion of the gross distribution.

Please consult with your tax advisor for additional guidance on reporting this information to the IRS.



- A The Fund's mailing address
- B Account registration and address
- Your Taxpayer Identification
 Number; this information
 will be masked
- D The Fund's name
- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- F Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked

- G Total dollar amount of the distribution(s) from your Coverdell Education Savings Account in 2023
- H Total amount of earnings in 2023
- The cost basis of the distribution
- An "x" here indicates the distribution was made directly to another Coverdell ESA or a qualified tuition program
- K Type of plan

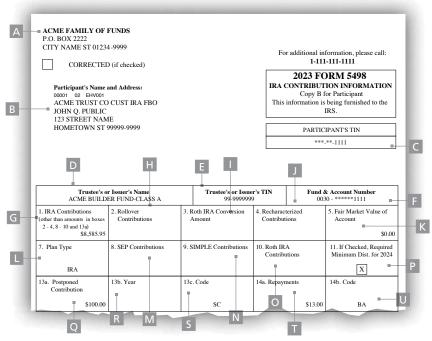
- An "x" in this box indicates the recipient is not the designated beneficiary
- M Distribution code used to identify the type of distribution(s) you received in 2023
- N Fair Market Value of all investments in your account at year end

2023 Form 5498

IRA Contribution Information

Form 5498 reports all contributions to IRA accounts for tax year 2023. Since contributions can be made until April 15, 2024 for 2023, your form will be mailed to you by May 31, 2024. The information is reported to the IRS, but you don't have to file it with your 2023 tax return. Form 5498 also reports the fair market value of your IRA account as of December 31, 2023. This information may be reported to you on your year-end transaction history statement instead of Form 5498, since Form 5498 may or may not be generated if you did not make any contributions to your retirement accounts.

Note: A direct trustee-to-trustee transfer will not generate a Form 5498.



- A The Fund's mailing address
- B Account registration and address
- Your Taxpayer Identification
 Number; this information
 will be masked
- D The Fund's name
- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- F Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked
- G Shows contributions to your traditional IRA made in 2023 for 2023 and through April 15, 2024 for 2023
- H Shows any rollover made in 2023, including direct rollovers made to an IRA

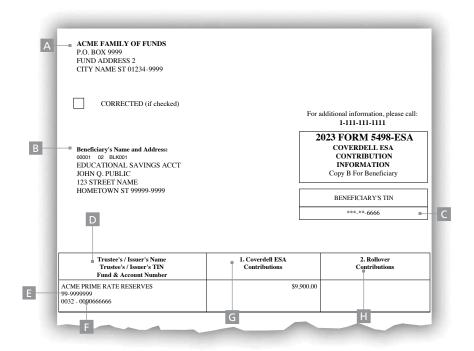
- Amount converted to a Roth IRA
- Contributions (plus earnings) recharacterized from one type of IRA to another in 2023
- Fair market value of IRA account on the last business day of 2023 (fair market value is determined by multiplying the number of shares in your accounts by the net asset values on the last business day of the year)
- L The type of IRA account
- M Contributions made to a SEP IRA in 2023
- N Contributions made to a SIMPLE IRA in 2023

- Shows contributions to your Roth IRA made in 2023 for 2023 and through April 15, 2024 for 2023
- P An "x" here indicates you must take a required minimum distribution (RMD) for 2024
- Shows the amount of any postponed contribution made in 2023
- R Shows the year to which the postponed contribution in box 13a was credited
- S Shows the code FD for participants who made a postponed contribution
- New repayment requirement for SECURE Act Birth/Adopion
- U New code BA

2023 Form 5498-ESA

ESA Contribution Information

Form 5498-ESA reports all contributions and rollover contributions to ESA Accounts for tax year 2023. Contributions to ESAs can be made until December 31, 2023, and this form will be mailed to you by May 1, 2024. This information is reported to the IRS, but you do not have to file it with your 2023 tax return.



- A The Fund's mailing address
- B Account registration and address
- Your Taxpayer Identification Number; this information will be masked
- D The Fund's name
- The Fund's Federal
 Taxpayer Identification
 Number
- F Your Fund and account number. This information will be masked
- G Shows contributions to your ESA Accounts made in 2023
- H Shows any rollover made in 2023, including direct rollovers made to an ESA Account

Answers to Commonly Asked Questions

Q. Why are my tax-exempt dividend distributions being reported to the IRS?

A. Tax-exempt dividend distributions paid to you in 2023 are required to be reported on Form 1099-DIV, even though these distributions may be excludable from your gross income.

You should also be aware that in some cases the calculation of a mutual fund's income distributions cannot be completed until the end of a fund's fiscal year.

Occasionally, these year-end calculations result in reclassifying income distributions made during the year to a different type of income. One possible effect of income reclassification is that income originally thought to be 100% tax-exempt may be reclassified as a type of income that is reported as dividend income.

For this reason, the amount of tax exempt dividends reported in box 11 of Form 1099-DIV may be different than the amounts previously reported on your transaction confirmations or periodic statements. You should use only the amounts reported to you on Form 1099-DIV when preparing your income tax return.

Q. I am taking periodic distributions from my retirement account that are part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments. How is this being reported to the IRS? A. Under current IRS requirements and guidance for Form 1099-R, payments from a retirement account that are part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments are reportable using distribution code 1 (for shareholders under age 59 1/2) or distribution code 7 (for shareholders over age 59 1/2) in box 7 of Form 1099-R. Previously, these types of payments may have been reported to you and the IRS using distribution code 2. If you are under age 59 1/2 you should review the instructions for IRS Form 5329 to see if you qualify for an exception to the IRS's 10% additional tax that may be imposed in certain circumstances.

Q. Does information on my tax forms get reported to the IRS?

A. Yes, the information is reported to the IRS by tax form type. The IRS due date for the 2023 Form 1099s (including DIV, INT, B, R, Q, SA) is due by March 31, 2024. The 2023 form 1099QA is due by February 28, 2024. The 2023 Form 5498ESA, 5498SA, 5498QA and 5498 are due to be reported to the IRS by May 31, 2024.

Q. What is a capital gain?

A. There are two types of capital gains:

Capital Gain (Personal) results when an individual sells mutual fund shares for a profit and is the difference between an asset's purchase price and selling price.

Capital Gain Distribution (Portfolio) results when a net profit is made by the mutual fund in buying and selling portfolio holdings during a given year. The IRS considers capital gains distributions from a mutual fund as a taxable activity, even if the shareholder reinvests the proceeds back into the fund.

Q. Does AMG Funds have a tax advisor or anyone who can help me fill out my return?

A. Our telephone representatives will be happy to help you with questions and information about your accounts; however, we cannot provide tax advice. For assistance in filling out your return, you should contact your tax advisor.

Q. How are my IRA contributions reported to the IRS?

A. If you are an IRA shareholder, 2023 tax year activity including contributions, rollovers, Roth IRA conversions and your IRA's Fair Market Value as of December 31, 2023 will be reported to the IRS on Form 5498 and a copy of that form will be mailed to you under separate cover no later than May 31, 2024.

Q. Will my conversion from a Traditional IRA to a Roth IRA affect my tax return?

A. Yes, converting from a Traditional IRA to a Roth IRA is reportable to the IRS. Please consult your tax advisor for assistance.

Q. I notice the income distributions reported on my Form 1099-DIV do not match the distribution amounts on my quarterly or year-end statements.

A. It is possible that after income was distributed to shareholders, the Fund determined that all or a portion of the distribution should be reclassified into a different category for income tax reporting purposes. For example, income dividends can be considered qualified dividend income (box 1b of form 1099-DIV) which is taxed at a different rate than non-qualified dividend income.

Q. Why am I receiving two copies of my 1099DIV, or 1099B,

A. Residents of California, Maine and Vermont that had state income tax withholding withheld from their 2023 1099-DIV or 1099-B reportable distributions will receive a "copy 2 to be filed with recipient's state income tax return, when required". Please consult with your tax advisor for additional guidance on reporting this information to the IRS or state agencies.

